1. How much money is there?

![Image of coins]

What is the same and what is different?

2. a) Complete the statements.

There is __________ pounds.
There is __________ pence.
There is £ __________ and __________ p.
There is £ __________

b) Draw money so that there are fewer coins but the same total amount.

3. Match the amounts that are equal. Fill in the missing digits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>460p</td>
<td>£__ and ___p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420p</td>
<td>£4 62p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>____p</td>
<td>£4 6p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>462p</td>
<td>£4 20p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>426p</td>
<td>£4 26p</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Match the person to the correct amount.

- **Ron**: I have a note and some coins.
- **Rosie**: I have more than Ron.
- **Jack**: I have the most money.

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Amir has a note in his pocket. Annie has three coins in her pocket. Amir must have more money than Annie.

Do you agree with Dora? ________________

Explain your answer.

Kim has four coins.
- The coins add to a multiple of 10
- The total amount is more than £1
- All the coins are silver.
- The total is less than £1.50

a) Which four coins could Kim have?

b) How many different combinations can you find?

Mo has this money.

Decide whether Mo’s statements are true (T) or false (F).
Circle your answer and give a reason for your choice.

a) You can make an amount greater than £11

b) You can make exactly £1.50 using three coins.

c) You can make exactly £2.02 using four coins.

d) You can make exactly £6.11